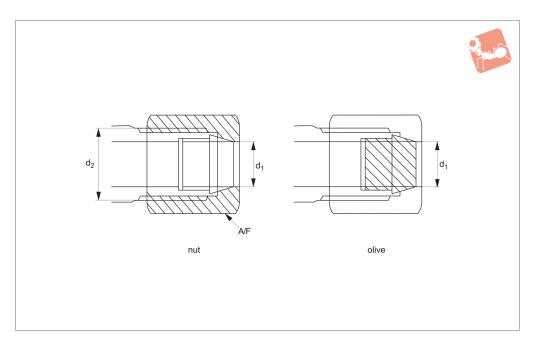


Connector Fittings nut and olive spares

Coolant Nozzles





20097

Material

Brass.

Technical Notes

Max. temperature: 150°C.

Max. pressure: 33 bar.

For angled or straight connectors 20095

and 20096.

Order No.	Type	d_1	Internal thread d ₂	A/F
20097.W1040	Nut	4.8	3/8" - 24 UNF	7/16"
20097.W1060	Nut	6.4	7/16" - 24 UNF	1/2"
20097.W1070	Nut	7.9	1/2" - 24 UNF	9/16"
20097.W1090	Nut	9.5	9/16" - 24 UNF	5/8"
20097.W2040	Olive	4.8	-	-
20097.W2060	Olive	6.4	-	-
20097.W2070	Olive	7.9	-	-
20097.W2090	Olive	9.5	-	-



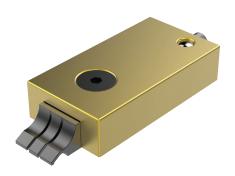
Clamping Torque



11040/CL2040				
Clamping Torque	Clamping Force			
N/m	N			
50	23000			
40	18000			
30	12500			
25	11500			
20	9500			



11070/CL2070				
Clamping Torque	Clamping Force			
N/m	N			
60	16500			
50	15000			
40	12000			
30	10000			
25	8000			
20	7000			



11081/CL2081			
Clamping Torque	Clamping Force		
N/m	N		
5	6600		
4.5	5500		
4	4900		



10940/CL0030					
Clamping Torque	Clamping Force				
N/m	N				
8.5	4000				
8	3800				
7	3400				
6	3000				
5	2500				
4	2000				



System pressure (bar)	0.35	0.7	1.4	2.0	2.8	4.1	5.5
Orifice diameter (mm)			Flow r	ate (litres/r	ninute)		
1.02	0.32	0.45	0.64	0.77	0.91	1.18	1.41
1.57	0.86	1.14	1.68	2	2.32	2.82	3.32
2.18	1.64	2.32	3.27	3.86	4.55	5.46	6.82
2.79	2.91	4.09	6.36	7.27	8.18	10	11.37
4.06	6.36	9.09	12.73	15.91	18.18	21.82	25.46
5.59	11.37	16.82	23.64	30.46	35.46	42.28	48.19
System pressure (bar)	6.9	10.3	13.8	20.7	34.5	69.0	103.5
Orifice diameter (mm)			Flow r	ate (litres/r	ninute)		
1.02	1.59	1.86	2.09	2.77	4	5.46	6.36
1.57	3.64	4.55	5.46	6.82	9.55	13.64	17.28
2.18	7.73	9.09	10.46	12.73	16.82	23.64	28.64
2.79	14.09	16.37	18.64	23.64	29.55	40.46	49.55
4.06	28.19	34.55	41.37	49.1	63.65	90.01	110.47
5.59	53.64	65.46	75.01	89.1	114.56	161.39	197.75
5.59	53.64	65.46	75.01	89.1	114.56	161.39	19

What Flow Rate of Coolant is Required?

Choose a nozzle with an orifice size that matches your pump's capacity.

Select an orifice size too big and coolant pressure will drop off, an orifice size too small and an inadequate amount of coolant will reach the tool tip and can result in damage.

Note: Flow rates are based on water at 20°. Actual results may vary with fluid type, extension length and aiming angle.

To calculate the average coolant exit velocity (important in some grinding operations where it is often desirable to match or exceed the peripheral velocity of the wheel) refer to the formula below. Choose an orifice size that produces sufficient back pressure to achieve the desired velocity.

Calculating Coolant Velocity

 $V = \frac{(17.11 \times 10^{-5}) \times F}{(d \times 10^{-3})^2}$

Where;

V = Velocity in m/s

 $C = Constant of 17.11 \times 10^{-5}$

F = Flow rate through orifice in litres/min (see table above)

d = Orifice diameter (mm) from product tables

Choose a nozzle extension that suits your application. Short projections are more compact and less likely to be knocked out of position by swarf or vibration. Longer extensions are easier to aim, produce a more streamline or laminar flow and shoot further.

Nozzle Extensions

The most common coolant pump on CNC machine tools is a single stage centrifugal pump, normally designed to move high volumes of water at low pressure (typically 0.2 to 1.4 bar). Multi-stage centrifugal pumps are capable of higher pressures (typically 1.4 to 14 bar) while still producing high flow rates. Positive displacement pumps are used for very high pressure applications up to 140 bar and are generally used with small diameter orifices due to their lower flow rates.

A Word About Coolant Pumps



ov-W20000-A-T-W20114-A-T-b-rnh - Updated - 26-10-2022